FORM B.

Return showing the description and weight of all yarn spun in the Cotton Mills in the Mysore State, during the month ending the 30th November 1929.

Count of yarn	Weight in pounds of each count	Count of yarn	Weight in pounds of each count	Count of yarn	Weight in pounds of each count
4s	7,254	14s	70,535	24½s	3,325
6s	45,928	14½s	33,356	26s	48,546
6½s	31,221	16s	38,121	28s	1,06,354
8s	54,912	18s	531	30s	54,348
8½s	49,935	19s	1,68,193	32s	6,184
10s	36,825	20s	1,93,556	40s	75,652
10½s	11,665	20½s	2,499	60s	4,758
11s	1,315	21s ...	16,285		
12s	35,389	22s ...	19,153		
12½s	32,522	22½s	3,044		
13½s	3,940	24s ...	1,15,981	Total ...	12,71,327

BANGALORE,
Dated the 11th December 1929.

H. K. RAMIENGAR,
For *Director*.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF HEALTH IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 14TH DECEMBER 1929.

A total of 115 attacks with 68 deaths from plague was returned for the week against 88 attacks with 69 deaths in the previous week. All the Districts were affected except Hassan. Bangalore City returned 3 attacks with 1 death while Mysore City and the Kolar Gold Field area remained free from the disease.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 95 attacks with 62 deaths in 1928 and 73 attacks with 48 deaths in 1927.

3. Thirty-nine attacks with 10 deaths from small-pox were returned for one village in Honnali Taluk and Shimoga and Goribidnur Towns.

4. The State remained free from other Epidemic Diseases, *viz.*, cholera, influenza and relapsing fever.

5. The total mortality for Bangalore City amounted to 87, representing a calculated annual ratio of 37·40 per mille of population against the average ratio of 32·52 for 1928. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 1 under plague, 2 under malaria, 2 under broncho-pneumonia, 6 under pneumonia, 1 under typhoid, 4 under other fevers, 9 under phthisis, 10 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 52 under all other causes.

6. As compared with the City, the Civil and Military Station returned 80 deaths for the week ending 8th December 1929, representing a calculated annual ratio of 35·09 per mille of population against the average ratio of 36·85 in the previous week. The causes of deaths were other fevers 4, dysentery and diarrhœa 4, broncho-pneumonia 11, pneumonia 6, tuberculosis 6 and all other causes 49.

7. The total mortality for Mysore City for the week was 65, representing a calculated annual ratio of 40·26 per mille of population against the average ratio of 33·51 for 1928. The causes of deaths were malaria 4, pneumonia 7, phthisis 12, dysentery and diarrhœa 9 and all other causes 33.

8. There were 51 deaths from all causes, reported from the Kolar Gold Field area, equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 30·24 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24·81 for 1928. The causes of deaths were pneumonia 3, other fevers 4, phthisis 1, dysentery and diarrhœa 6 and all other causes 37.

E. R. SUNDARARAJAN,
For *Director of Health*.